

USER MANUAL

Ultra Power Series Hybrid Inverter



CONTENTS

ABOUT THIS MANUAL	1
Purpose	1
Scope	1
IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	1
General Precautions	1
Personal Precautions	2
INSTALLATION	3
Unpacking and Inspection	3
Basic Configuration	3
Batteries	4
Battery Cable Size	6
DC Disconnect and Over-Current Protection	6
Battery Cable Connection	6
AC Cable Size	7
AC Connections	7
Machine panel introduction	9
OPERATION	11
Front Panel and Configuration Switch	11
Setting Indicators	12
LCD display meaning	16
Table 5. display meaning	16
Operating Indicators	17
Table 6 Fault code meaning	18
SPECIFICATIONS	19
Table 7. Line Mode Specifications	19
Table 8. Invert Mode Specifications	20
Table 9. AC Charger Mode Specifications	21
Table 10. Solar Charger Mode Specifications	21
Table 11. General Specifications	22
APPENDIX A	23
How to Select and Configure PV Panels	23
DICROCAL	0.5

ABOUT THIS MANUAL

Purpose

The purpose of this manual is to provide explanations and procedures for installing, operating and troubleshooting for the unit. This manual should be read carefully before installations and operations. Please retain this manual for future reference.

Scope

This document defines the functional requirements of the unit, intended for worldwide use in electronic processing equipment. All manuals are applicable under all operating conditions when installed in the End Use system, unless otherwise stated.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this User Guide for future reference.

General Precautions

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on:
 - (1) The unit (2) the batteries (3) all appropriate sections of this manual.
- CAUTION --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 3. Do not expose the unit to rain, snow or liquids of any type. The unit is designed for indoor use only. Protect the unit from splashing if used in vehicle applications.
- 4. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 5. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wiring before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- 6. **CAUTION** --Battery are not already installed by the supplier only a qualified professional (e.g. service person) may install the Inverter.
- 7. WARNING: WORKING IN VICINITY OF A LEAD ACID BATTERY IS DANGEROUS.
 - **BATTERIES GENERATE EXPLOSIVE GASES DURING NORMAL OPERATION.** Provide ventilation to outdoors from the battery compartment. The battery enclosure should be designed to prevent accumulation and concentration of hydrogen gas in "pockets" at the top of the compartment. Vent the battery compartment from the highest point. A sloped lid can also be used to direct the flow to the vent opening location.
- 8. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 9. No terminals or lugs are required for hook-up of the AC wiring. AC wiring must be no less than 8 AWG gauge copper wire. Battery cables must be rated for 35mm or higher and should be no less than table 1. Crimped and sealed copper ring terminal lugs with a HRNB38-8 hole should be used to connect the battery cables to the DC terminals of the unit. Soldered cable lugs are also acceptable.
- 10. Be extra cautious when working with metal tools on, or around batteries. The potential exists to drop a tool and short-circuit the batteries or other electrical parts resulting in sparks that could cause an explosion.

- 11. No AC or DC disconnects are provided as an integral part of this unit. Both AC and DC disconnects must be provided as part of the system installation. See INSTALLATION section of this manual.
- 12. Fuses are provided as the over current protection of the battery supply.
- 13. When PV module or panel is exposed to light, it starts to supply high DC voltage, be sure to turn off DC switch before commencing the maintenance, and make sure the cables from PV panel are properly sealed after disconnection.
- 14. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This battery charger should be connected to a grounded permanent wiring system. For most installations, the Ground Lug should be bonded to the grounding system at one (and only one point) in the system. All installations should comply with all national and local codes and ordinances.
- 15. **AVOID** AC output short-circuit; avoid DC input short-circuit and do not connect the mains while DC input short-circuit
- 16. **Warning:** The maintenance information is only to service persons, If the product is used in a manner which is not covered by the scope of warranty, the protection provided by the product may be impaired.

Personal Precautions

- 1. Someone should be within range of your voice to come to your aid when you work near batteries.
- 2. Have plenty of fresh water and soap nearby in case battery acid contacts skin, clothing, or eyes.
- 3. Wear complete eye protection and clothing protection. Avoid touching eyes while working near batteries. Wash your hands when done.
- 4. If battery acid contacts skin or clothing, wash immediately with soap and water. If acid enters eyes, immediately flood eyes with running cool water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately.
- 5. Baking soda neutralizes lead acid battery electrolyte. Keep a supply on hand in the area of the batteries.
- 6. NEVER smoke or allow a spark or flame in vicinity of a battery or generator.
- 7. Be extra cautious when working with metal tools on, and around batteries. Potential exists to short-circuit the batteries or other electrical parts which may result in a spark which could cause an explosion.
- 8. Remove personal metal items such as rings, bracelets, necklaces, and watches when working with battery. Battery can produce short-circuit current high enough to weld a ring, or the like, to metal causing severe burns.
- If a remote or automatic generator start system is used, disable the automatic starting circuit and/or disconnect the generator from its starting battery while servicing to prevent accidental starting during servicing.

INSTALLATION

Unpacking and Inspection

Carefully unpack the inverter/charger from its shipping carton.

Verify all of items list below are present. Please call customer service if any items are missing.

- · The unit
- 1 user's manual

Basic Configuration

UP Series hybrid Inverter is designed to serve as a backup power supply for AC loads. The input power of UP Series hybrid Inverter comes from PV system and AC grid which not only supply power to AC loads but also charge the battery bank when the power from AC grid or AC generator is present (also known as Line Mode). In the event of AC grid (or AC generator) outage, the AC loads can be alternatively powered by PV system (if the illumination is sufficient) and battery bank.

The following illustrations show basic applications for UP Series hybrid Inverter.

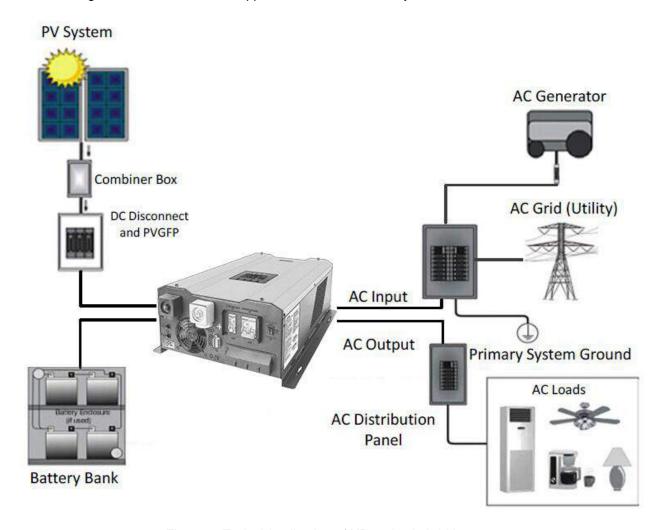


Figure 1. Typical Application of UP series hybrid Inverter

Note: Appliances like Air conditioner needs at least 3 minutes to restart in case of a power shortage occurs in a way that the power turns off then back on again rapidly (time is required to balance the refrigerant gas in inside circuit); so in order to protect your Air conditioner, please consult the Air conditioner manufacturer whether they have already provided time delay function before installing. Otherwise, Inverter will trig overload fault and shut off its output to protect your appliance but sometimes it is not enough and your Air conditioner can be damaged internally beyond repair.

Batteries

The unit support 12volt,24volt or 48vlot battery bank. Please wire battery correctly. Before proceeding, ensure you have appropriate size batteries for this inverter. The unit can use flooded lead-acid, or sealed GEL/AGM lead-acid batteries so ensure that your batteries are in one of these categories. UP inverter with built-in MPPT solar controller, for the battery and solar panel connection please refer to figure 2,figure3 and figure4. If with the built-in 48 MPPT 40A solar charge controller, then please configure solar panels more than 2350W, otherwise it can not reach the maximum charge current, if with the built-in 48 MPPT 60A solar charge controller, then please configure solar panels more than 3500W, otherwise it can not reach the maximum charge current.

Note: if you are using a gel battery or a deep cycle battery, please do not use ordinary lead-acid batteries for use in solar energy systems. This is likely to damage the lead acid battery or to reach the desired effect.

The battery must be wired to match with the DC input voltage. Recommend to use battery capacity more than 200AH.

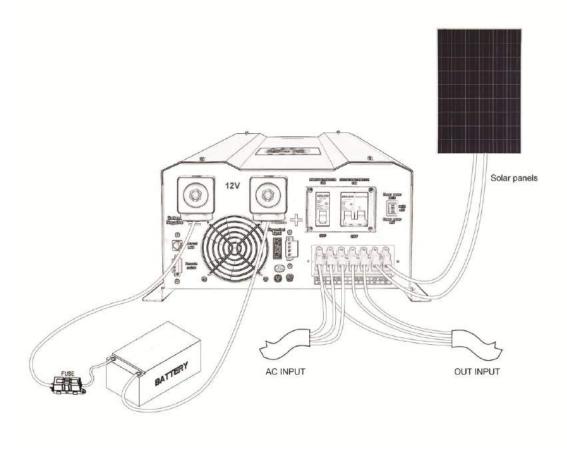


Figure 2. UP 12V solar inverter system- the connection diagram of solar panel and battery

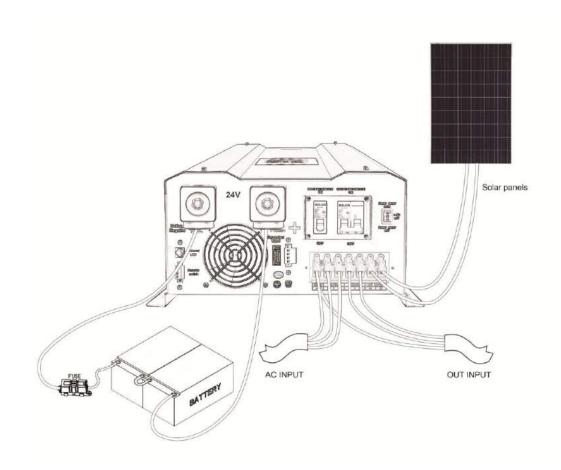


Figure 3. UP 24V solar inverter system- the connection diagram of solar panel and battery

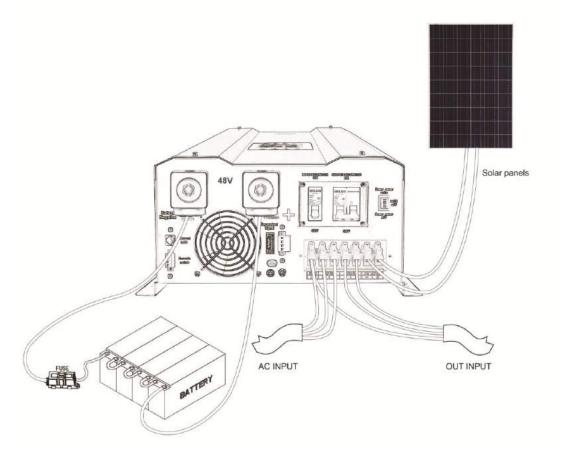


Figure 4. UP 48V solar inverter system- the connection diagram of solar panel and battery

Battery Cable Size

Below table 1 you can find information for recommended battery cable and terminal.

Table 1. Recommended battery cable and terminal size

Model	DC	Typical	Battery	1~3 m	0.5 m	Cable Tarminal
Number	Voltage	Amperage	Capacity	one-way	one-way	Cable Terminal
UP14L-12	12V					
UP26L-24	24V	120A	200AH	25mm ²	25 mm ²	RNBS38-8
UP46L-48	48V					
UP56L-48	48V	150A	200AH	35mm ²	25mm ²	RNBS38-8
UP1.54L-12	12V					
UP36L-24	24V	175A	200AH	50mm ²	35 mm ²	RNB60-8/RNBS38-8
UP66L-48	48V					
UP26L-12	12V					
UP46L-24	24V	225A	200AH	50mm ²	35 mm ²	RNB60-8/RNBS38-8
UP86L-48	48V					
UP56L-24	24V	275A	200AH	75mm ²	50mm ²	RNB80-8/RNB60-8
UP106L-48	48V	275A	200AH	75111111	50111111	KINDOU-0/KINDOU-0
UP36L-12	12V					
UP66L-24	24V	315A	200AH	75 mm ²	50 mm ²	RNB80-8/RNB60-8
UP126L-48	48V					

DC Disconnect and Over-Current Protection

For safety and to comply with regulations, battery over-current protection and disconnect devices are required. Fuses and disconnects must be sized to protect the DC cable size used, and must be rated for DC operation. Do not use devices rated only for AC service – they will not function properly.

Note that some installation requirements may not require a disconnect device, although over-current protection is still required.

Battery Cable Connection

Observe Battery Polarity! Place the ring terminal of DC cable over the bolt and directly against the unit's battery terminal. Tighten the M8 screw with 6-10 Nm. Do not place anything between the flat part of the Backup System terminal and the battery cable ring terminal or overheating may occur.

DO NOT APPLY ANY TYPE OF ANTI-OXIDANT PASTE TO TERMINALS UNTIL AFTER THE BATTERY CABLE WIRING IS TORQUED!!

WARNING: Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care for the high battery voltage in series.

Caution!! Do NOT place anything between battery cable ring terminals and terminals on the inverter. The terminal screw is not designed to carry current.

Apply Anti-oxidant paste to terminals AFTER terminals have been screwed.

Verify that cable lugs are flush with the battery terminals. Tighten battery cables to terminals (6-10 Nm).

AC Cable Size

Before wiring the input and output of inverter, refer to table 2 for minimum recommended cable size and torque value

Table 2. Recommended cable size and torque value for AC wire

Model N	Number	Typical Amperage	AC Input	AC Output	Torque value
UP14L	230Vac	10A	12AWG	14AWG	1.5~2.0 Nm
UP1.54L	230Vac	12A	12AWG	14AWG	1.5~2.0 Nm
UP26L UP14L	230Vac 110Vac	15A	12AWG	12AWG	1.5~2.0 Nm
UP36L UP1.54L	230Vac 110Vac	20A	12AWG	12AWG	1.5~2.0 Nm
UP46L UP26L	230Vac 110Vac	32A	12AWG	12AWG	1.5~2.0 Nm
UP56L	230Vac	40A	12AWG	12AWG	1.5~2.0 Nm
UP66L UP36L	230Vac 110Vac	50A	10AWG	12AWG	1.5~2.0 Nm
UP86L UP46L	230Vac 110Vac	60A	10AWG	10 AWG	2.0~2.5 Nm
UP106L UP56L	230Vac 110Vac	70A	8AWG	10 AWG	2.0~2.5 Nm
UP126L UP66L	230Vac 110Vac	80A	6AWG	8AWG	2.0~2.5 Nm

AC Connections

Installation should be done by a qualified electrician. Consult local code for the proper wire sizes, connectors and conduit requirements.

On the left of rear chassis is the AC hardwire cover. Two three-station terminal block is provided to make the AC connections. The terminal block is used to hardwire the AC input, AC output, and ground. The National Electrical Code requires that an external disconnect switch be used in the AC input wiring circuit. The AC breakers in a sub panel will meet this requirement.

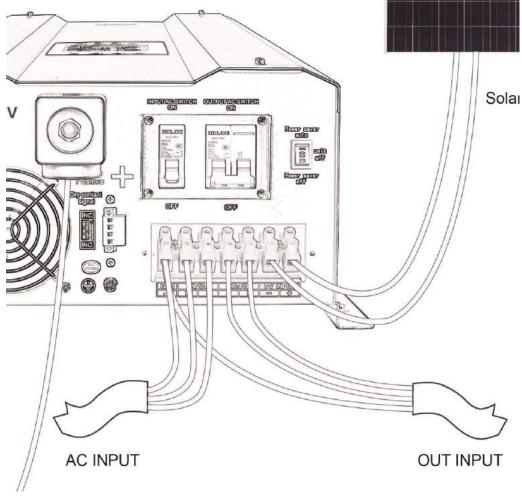


Figure 5. AC Cable Connect to unit

- Step 1: Disconnect the unit from the battery by removing the battery cables. Turning off the unit before disconnect from the battery.
- Step 2: Following the wiring guide located in the AC input wiring compartment as figure 5, connect the GND (green/yellow), Line (brown), and neutral (blue) wires from the AC input (utility, generator, etc) to the terminal block.



Caution!! Be sure that AC source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

- Step 3: Connect the AC Line output wiring to the terminal marked AC Line (output), following the wiring guide inside the compartment. Torque the wires into the terminal block.
- Step 4: Lock the AC covers.

Machine panel introduction

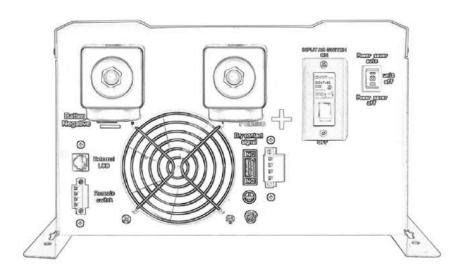


Figure 6. UP 1-3KW Front panel

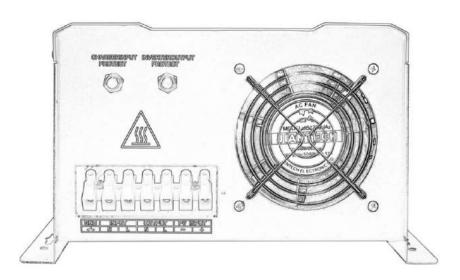


Figure 7. UP 1-3KW Back panel

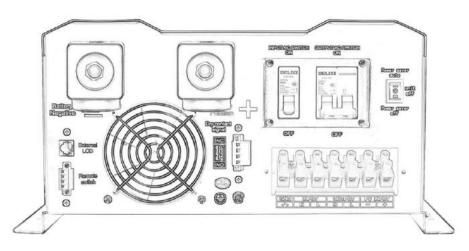


Figure 8. UP4-6KW Front panel

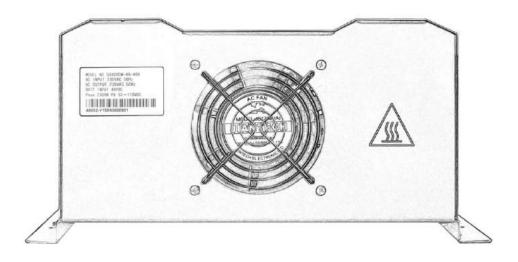


Figure 9. UP4-6KW Back panel

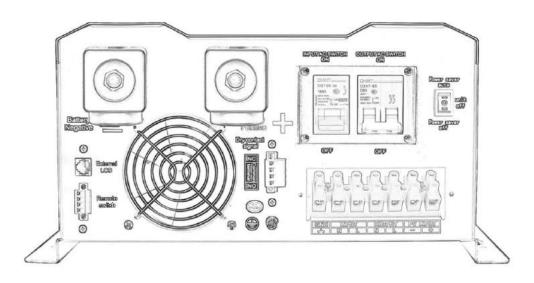


Figure 10. UP8-12KW Front panel

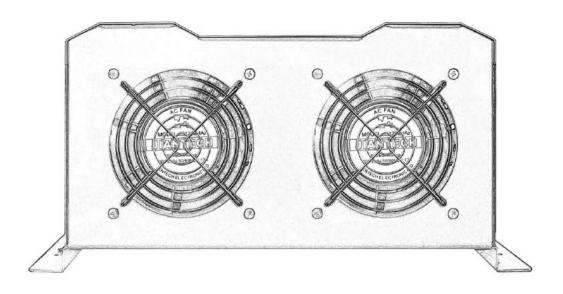


Figure 11. UP8-12KW Back panel

OPERATION

Front Panel and Configuration Switch



Table 3. configuration button function

Switch	Description
CONF	long press "1S" button to enter the setting interface
Left – right SELECT	Left-right SELECT button can be used for selecting different contents(Voltage, frequency, charging current)
Up – down SELECT	Up – down SELECT button can be used for selecting parameter on the function setting mode
ENTER	Confirm, data save function

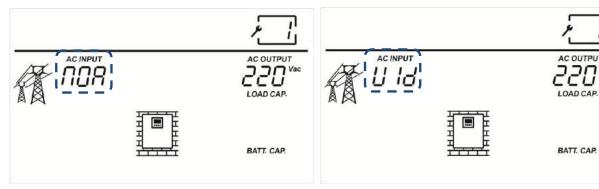
LED Indicator			
LED	Description		
PV-LED	GREEN LED Lighting on PV normal		
AC-LED	GREEN LED lighting on AC Line Mode		
Battery-LED	YELLOW LED lighting on Battery Inverter Mode		
Alarm-LED	RED LED lighting on Alarm		

Setting Indicators

Table 4. configuration option

NO.	Description	Selectable option
1	Input voltage setting	Wide/Normal.
2	Output voltage setting	208/220/230/240Vac.
3	Output frequency setting	50/60Hz/Automatic.
4	AC charge on, off	AC charge on/AC charge off.
5	AC Charger current setting	20A/35A/50A/70A/90A
6	DC/AC/ Intelligent mode selection setting	DC mode priority / AC mode priority, Intelligent mode.
7	DC conversion voltage point setting	11.0Vdc/11.5Vdc/12.0Vdc.

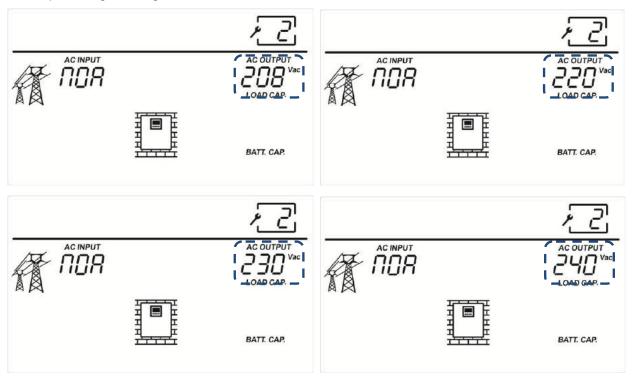
1. Input voltage range Setting



Narrow range mode

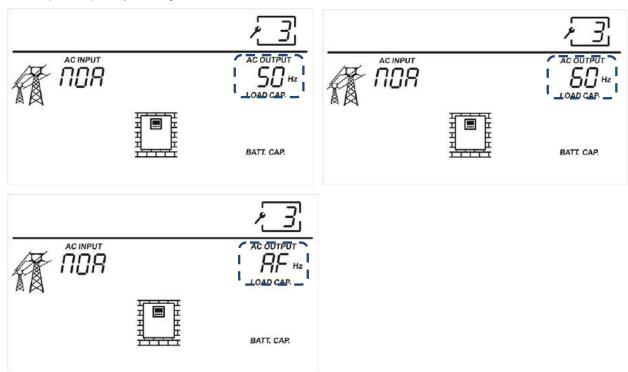
Wide range mode

2. Output voltage Setting



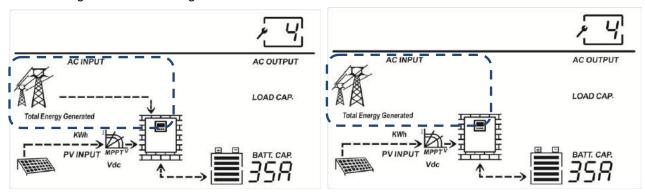
208Vac/220Vac/230Vac/240Vac four kinds of output voltage can be set.

3. Output frequency Setting

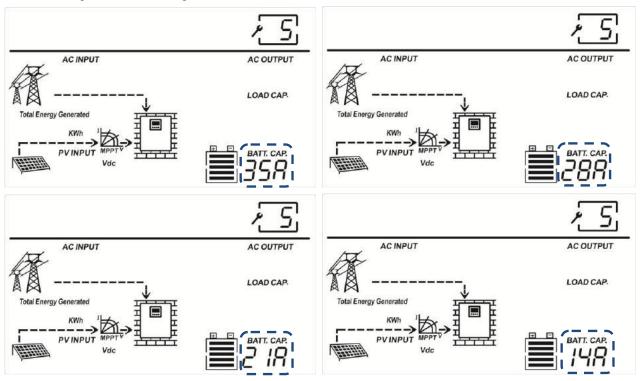


50/60Hz frequency output can be adjusted, as well as the adaptive AC input frequency.

4. AC charger ON/OFF Setting



.5. AC Charger current Setting



Maximum rated charge current can be divided into 5 different stall for adjustion

20A charger can be adjusted into 4A/8A/12A/16A/20

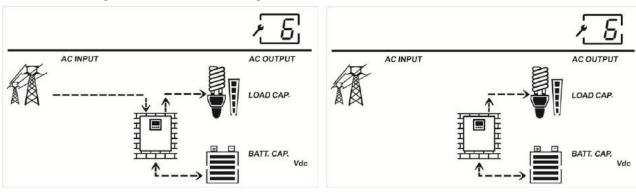
35A charger can be adjusted into 7A/14A/21/28A/35A.

50A charger can be adjusted into 10A/20A/30A/40A/50A.

70A charger can be adjusted into 14A/28A/42A/56A/70A.

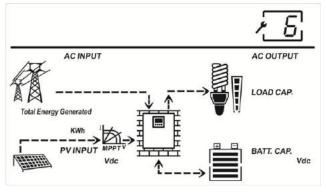
90A charger can be adjusted into 18A/36A/54A/72A/90A.

6. DC/AC/ Intelligent mode selection setting



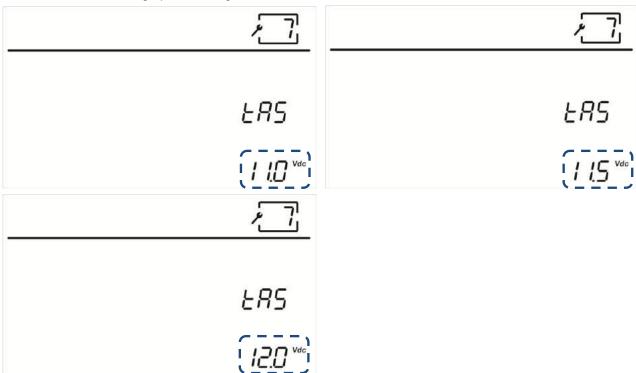
AC mode priority

DC mode priority



Intelligent mode

7. DC conversion voltage point setting



DC voltage automatic transfer point setting, 11.0Vdc/11.5Vdc/12.0Vdc three voltages conversion gear.

LCD display meaning

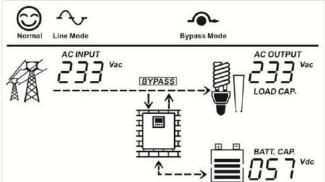
Table 5. display meaning

Normal	Inverter Normal work
Line Mode	Line Mode is enabled
PV Mode	PV input is connected
Batt.Mode	Backup Mode is enabled
Bypass Mode	Bypass Mode is enabled
Fault Mode IB	This icon is showed when there is a fault event. The number is the fault code which can be referred to specific fault event (please refer to Section "Table 6 Fault code meaning").
看	AC Icon
BYPASS	Bypass Icon
888 Hz	AC Voltage and Frequency display
LOAD CAP. KW	The load icon and level bar indicates the loading level (0~100%), Loading display
BATT. CAP. Vdc	Level of remaining battery capacity, Battery voltage
**************************************	PV (Solar system)
PVINPUT Vdc	PV (Solar system) input voltage
Total Energy Generated	PV (Solar system) power generation display
MPPT V	MPPT solar charger normal working
	Inverter

Operating Indicators

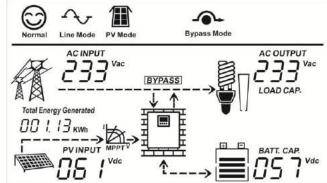
AC Mode:

Voltage and Frequency exchange every 5 seconds.



AC+PV Mode:

Voltage and Frequency exchange every 5 seconds.

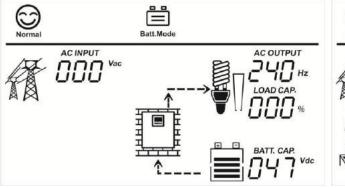


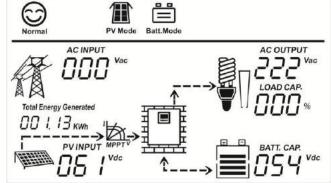
DC Mode:

Voltage and Frequency exchange every 5 seconds.



Voltage and Frequency exchange every 5 seconds.





Fault Mode:

The upper left corner of the LCD shows the fault code and buzzer ringing.

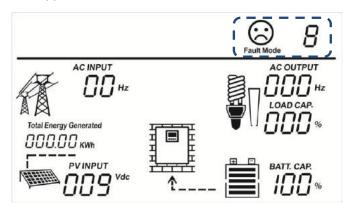


Table 6 Fault code meaning

Fault code	Fault	Reason and Solution
	Over temperature,	Inverter operate environment is very bad, insufficient ventilation
4	fan fault	and indoor temperature is very high. Close the inverter and wait
	(alarm light on)	for 10 minutes, after inverter cool, start again, if fan fault, please
		replace with a new fan.
2	Overload	Connecting load power is over than inverter's rated power, if
2	(alarm light on)	reduce the load equipments quantity, inverter will work again.
	Output short circuit	Close the inverter and disconnect all load equipment, inspect
3	(alarm light on)	load equipments if any of them had fault or internal short circuit,
3		then start the inverter again. If still fault, please consult with
		manufacture.
	Over temperature	Inverter operate environment is very bad, insufficient ventilation
4	(alarm light on)	and indoor temperature is very high. Close the inverter and wait
		for 10 minutes, after inverter cool, start again.
	Low battery voltage	Battery damage; Battery deeply discharged, so need to charge
5	(alarm light on)	again; battery problem, please replaces the battery. Inverter
		charger no work, please consult manufacture.
6	Reverse input	Connect input and output again in correct way.
0	(alarm light on)	
7	Semi-wave short circuit	The connecting load power is over than inverter's rated power,
,	(unusual load)	after reduce load equipments quantity, inverter will work again.
8	Over charge	Battery type selection incorrect; Charger damage, please consult
0	(alarm light on)	manufacture for help.
9	Battery over voltage	Check if battery bank dc voltage is corresponding to this inverter
(alarm light on) requested dc voltage.		requested dc voltage.

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 7. Line Mode Specifications

Input Voltage Waveform Nominal Input Voltage Low Line Disconnect 184 135	12KW(230VAC) Sine wave(Utilit 230Vac	1 ~ 6KW(120VAC) y or Generator)		
Nominal Input Voltage Low Line Disconnect 184 135	•	y or Generator)		
Low Line Disconnect 184'	230Vac			
Low Line Disconnect		120Vac		
135	Vac±4%(NOR)	85Vac±4%(NOR)		
194	Vac±4%(WID)	80Vac±4%(WID)		
	Vac±4%(NOR)	95Vac±4%(NOR)		
145	Vac±4%(WID)	85Vac±4%(WID)		
Low Line Re-connect Note: 1.NOR	setting can be used	for general electrical appliance		
2. WID settin	g can be used only f	or some special load,		
Such as lam	Such as lamp, fan.			
High Line Disconnect	Vac±4%(NOR)	136Vac±4%(NOR)		
263	Vac±4%(WID)	140Vac±4%(WID)		
High Line Re-connect	Vac±4%(NOR)	131Vac±4%(NOR)		
253	Vac±4%(WID)	135Vac±4%(WID)		
Max AC Input Voltage	270VAC 150VAC			
Nominal Input Frequency	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)			
Low Line Frequency Disconnect 4	0+0.3Hz for 50Hz,	50+0.3Hz for 60Hz		
Low Line Frequency Re-connect 4	1+0.3Hz for 50Hz,	51+0.3Hz for 60Hz		
High Line Frequency Disconnect 5	55+0.3Hz for 50Hz,	65+0.3Hz for 60Hz		
High Line Frequency Re-connect 5	54+0.3Hz for 50Hz,	64+0.3Hz for 60Hz		
Output Voltage Waveform	As same as In	put Waveform		
Output Short Circuit Protection	Air switch			
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>97%			
Transfer Time	15ms (typical) 20ms max(WID)			
Bypass charger enable in off mode	Yes			

Note: NOR – Normal range; WID-Wide range

Table 8. Invert Mode Specifications

Table of interest inches openinous	Table 6. Invert wode Specifications					
MODEL	HV Model:UP1-12KW LV Model:UP1-6KW					
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave					
Rated Output Power	1 ~ 12KW(230\	1 ~ 12KW(230VAC) 1 ~ 6KW(120VAC)				
Power Factor	0.9 - 1.0					
Nominal Output voltage	230Vac 120Vac					
Minimum Peak Output Voltage at Rated Power	>200V >100V					
Output Frequency(Hz)		50Hz / 60Hz ± 0.3H	Z			
Output Voltage Regulation	±10%					
Nominal Efficiency	>87% (@Normal DC Input; >60% R load)					
Over-Load Protection	105% <load<150%, 0.5s="" 1s,="" 60s.="" after="" and="" beeps="" every="" fault="" load="">150%, beeps 0.5s every 1s, and Fault after 20s.</load<150%,>					
Capable of starting electric motor	YES					
Output Short Circuit Protection	Current limit (Fault after 10s), Air switch					
Power saver	Load ≤25 ±5W (Enabled on "P/S auto" setting of Remote control					
	DC voltage					
Nominal DC Input Voltage	12VDC	24VDC	48VDC			
Min DC start voltage	10.5Vdc 21Vdc 42Vdc					
Low DC Alarm	10.5Vdc ± 0.2Vdc 21Vdc ± 0.4Vdc 42.0 ± 0.8Vdc					
Low DC Shut-down	10.0Vdc ± 0.2Vdc	20Vdc ± 0.4Vdc	40.0 ± 0.8Vdc			
Low DC Shut-down Recovery	11.0Vdc ± 0.2Vdc 22Vdc ± 0.4Vdc 44.0 ± 0.8Vdc					
High DC Shut-down	16.0Vdc ± 0.2Vdc 32Vdc ± 0.4Vdc 64.0 ± 0.8Vdc					
High DC Shut-down Recovery	15.5Vdc ± 0.2Vdc 31Vdc ± 0.4Vdc 62.0 ± 0.8Vdc					

Table 9. AC Charger Mode Specifications

Nominal Input Voltage	230Vac	120Vac	
Input Voltage Range	194V - 253Vac(NOR) 160V - 253Vac(WID)	95V - 131Vac(NOR) 85V - 135Vac(WID)	
High Voltage Disconnect	253Vac±4%(NOR) 253Vac±4%(WID)	131Vac±4%(NOR) 135Vac±4%(WID)	
High Line Re-connect	248Vac±4%(NOR) 248Vac±4%(WID)	128Vac±4%(NOR) 132Vac±4%(WID)	
Low Voltage Disconnect	194Vac±4%(NOR) 95Vac±4%(NOR) 160Vac±4%(WID) 85Vac±4%(WID)		
Low Line Re-connect	200Vac±4%(NOR) 165Vac±4%(WID)	98Vac±4%(NOR) 88Vac±4%(WID)	
Nominal Output Voltage	According to the battery type		
	12VDC model: Max 90A		
Nominal Charge Current	24VDC model: Max 70A		
	48VDC model: Max 50A		
Charge current tolerance	±5A		
Over Charge Protection	Bat. V ≥15.5Vdc, Fault, Buzzer alarm for 12Vdc Bat. V ≥31.0Vdc, Fault, Buzzer alarm for 24Vdc Bat. V ≥61.0Vdc, Fault, Buzzer alarm for 48Vdc (beeps 0.5s every 1s & fault after 60s)		
Charge Algorithm	Three stage: Boost CC (constant current stage) → Boost CV (constant voltage stage) → Float (constant voltage stage)		

Note: NOR – Normal range; WID-Wide range

Table 10. Solar Charger Mode Specifications

Rated Battery voltage	12VDC	24VDC	48VDC	
Rated charge current	40A	40A	40A	
Input voltage range	15-40Vdc	25-55Vdc	50-110Vdc	
Max. PV open circuit array voltage	40Vdc	55Vdc	110Vdc	
Max. recommended input power (W)	600W	1200W	2350W	

Rated Battery voltage	12VDC	24VDC	48VDC	
Rated charge current	60A	60A	60A	
Input voltage range	15-40Vdc	25-55Vdc	50-110Vdc	
Max. PV open circuit array voltage	40Vdc	55Vdc	110Vdc	
Max. recommended input power (W)	900W	1750W	3500W	

Table 11. General Specifications

MODEL		UP1-	3KW			UP4-6K	W		UP8-12K	W			
Indicators	LED+LCD Display												
Protections	Low battery, over charging, over load, over temp.												
Remote control	YES												
Operating Temperature Range	0°C ~ 40°C												
Storage temperature	-15° C ~ 60° C												
Operation humidity	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)												
Earthing(ABYC standard)	Follow customer requirement: Inverter mode: the neutral and the earth joined; Line mode: the neutral and the earth separated. Use a Relay to realize the function.												
Audible Noise	65dB max												
Cooling	Forced air, variable speed fan												
Size (L*W*H mm)	482.5*336.5*189.5				517.5*396.5*189.5			627.5*416.5*204.5					
MODEL	1K	1.5K	2K	3K	4K	5K	6K	8K	10K	12K			
Net weight (Kg)	22.0	23.0	24.0	28.0	30.5	35.5	38.5	48.0	55.0	62.0			

Product specifications are subject to change without further notice.

APPENDIX A

How to Select and Configure PV Panels

The following parameters can be found in each PV panel's specification:

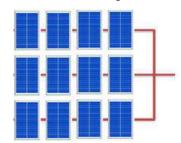
- P_{max}: Max output power (W)
- V_{mp}: max power voltage (V)
- V_{oc}: open-circuit voltage (V)
- I_{mp}: max power current (A)
- I_{sc}: short-circuit current (A)

PV panels can be connected in series or parallel in order to obtain the desired output voltage and current which meets the inverter's allowed range.

When connecting PV panels in series, the max voltage and current of the string is

$$V_{\text{string}} = V_1 + V_2 + V_3 + V_4...$$
 $I_{\text{string}} = I_1 = I_2 = I_3 = I_4$

When connecting the above PV string in parallel, the max voltage and current of the total string is



$$\begin{split} V_{total} &= V_{string1} = V_{string2} = V_{string3} = V_{string4} \dots \\ I_{total} &= I_{string1} + I_{string2} + I_{string3} + I_{string4} \end{split}$$

In either case, the total output power is $P_{total} = P_{panel} X$ Number of PV panel

The guideline to select and configure PV string is

- P_{total} shall be equal or slightly larger than the max. capacity of solar battery charger (900W for 3000VA model and 2600W for 5000VA model). Surplus capacity of PV string does not help the solar charger's capacity and only result in higher installation cost.
- Total V_{mp} of the string shall be within the operating voltage range of solar battery charger (60~72V for 3000VA model and 120~144V for 5000VA model are recommended).
- Total I_{mp} of the string shall be less than the max. input charging current of the solar battery charger (20A for 3000VA and 30A for 5000VA model)
- Total V_{oc} of the string shall be less than the max. PV input voltage of the solar battery charger (75V for 3000VA and 150V for 5000VA model).
- Total I_{sc} of the string shall be less than the max. PV input current of the solar battery charger (20A for 3000VA and 35A for 5000VA model).

Example 1 - How to connect 3000VA model to PV panels with the following parameters?

- P_{max}: 260W
- V_{mp}: 30.9V
- V_{oc}: 37.7V
- I_{mp}: 8.42A
- I_{sc}: 8.89A
- (1) The max. PV input power for 3000VA model is 900W,

900W / 260W = $3.46 \Rightarrow$ min. 4 PV panels shall be connected.

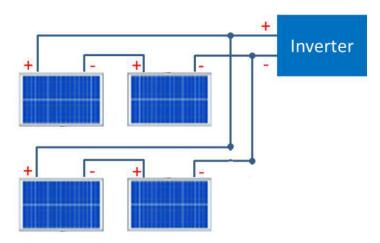
(2) Best Operating Voltage Range is 60~72V,

 $72V/30.9V = 2.33 \Rightarrow$ max. number of PV panel in series is 2.

(3) Max. input charging current is 20A,

 $20A/8.42A = 2.37 \Rightarrow max.$ number of PV panel in parallel is 2.

(4) Taking (1)~(3) into consideration, the optimized configuration is 2 PV panels in series as a string and 2 strings in parallel, as shown below.



(5) Check again the Voc and Isc of PV string,

 V_{oc} of string is 61.8V < 75V (Max. PV Input Voltage) \Rightarrow OK I_{sc} of string is 2 x 8.89A = 17.78A < 20A (Max. PV Input Current) \Rightarrow OK

Example 2 - How to connect 5000VA model to PV panels with the following parameters?

- P_{max}: 260W
- V_{mp}: 30.9V
- V_{oc}: 37.7V
- I_{mp}: 8.42A
- I_{sc}: 8.89A
- (1) The max. PV input power for 5000VA model is 2600W,

2600W / 260W = 10⇒min. 10 PV panels shall be connected.

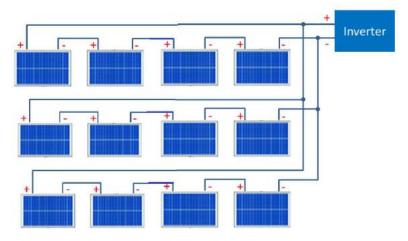
(2) Best Operating Voltage Range is 110~144V,

 $144V/30.9V = 4.66 \Rightarrow$ max. number of PV panel in series is 4.

(3) Max. input charging current is 30A,

 $30A/8.42A = 3.56 \Rightarrow max.$ number of PV panel in parallel is 3.

(4) Taking (1)~(3) into consideration, the optimized configuration is 4 PV panels in series as a string, and 3 strings in parallel (as shown below).



(5) Check again the Voc and Isc of PV string,

 V_{oc} of string is 4 x 30.9V = 123.6V < 150V (Max. PV Input Voltage) \Rightarrow OK I_{sc} of string is 3 x 8.89A = 26.67A < 30A (Max. PV Input Current) \Rightarrow OK

DISPOSAL

In the event the product reaches the end of its service life, please contact the local dealer for disposal instructions.



The product must not be disposed of with the household waste.

